Science Long Term Overview (2 year rolling programme) – Working Scientifically

Through the teaching of the Programmes of Study, throughout both Year A and Year B, all children will be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills. See the National Curriculum for examples of how pupils might work scientifically in each Programme of Study.

N.B. Pupils are not expected to cover each aspect of working scientifically for every area of study.

EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
I can make comments about the world around me. I can share my observations with my peers and the adults in my class. I can ask questions about why, when, how or where in relation to the topics and themes being explored in my class.	I can ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways. I can observe closely, using simple equipment. I can perform simple tests. I can identify and classify. I can use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. I can gather and record data to help in answering questions.	 I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them. I can set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests. I can make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers. I can gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. I can record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables. I can report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. I can use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions. I can identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes. I can use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate. I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs. I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations. I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.

Science Long Term Overview (2 year rolling programme) – Year A

	EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Autumn	I can talk about the features of the four seasons and how it impacts on my daily life. I can put the seasons in order.	Y1 POS – Seasonal Changes I can observe changes across the four seasons. I can observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Y4 POS – States of Matter I can compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases. I can observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C). I can identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	 Y5 POS – Earth and Space I can describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system. I can describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth. I can describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies. I can use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.
Autr			 Y3 – POS Rocks I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties. I can describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock. I can recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter. 	Y6 POS – Light I can recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines. I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye. I can explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes. I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.

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	I can ask questions	Y1 POS – Plants	Y3 POS – Forces and Magnets	Y6 POS – Living things and their habitats
	about how things	I can identify and name a variety of common	I can compare how things move on different	I can describe how living things are classified
	are made.	wild and garden plants, including deciduous	surfaces.	into broad groups according to common
	I can identify and	and evergreen trees.	I can notice that some forces need contact	observable characteristics and based on
	name everyday	I can identify and describe the basic	between two objects, but magnetic forces	similarities and differences, including micro-
	materials, such as	structure of a variety of common flowering	can act at a distance.	organisms, plants and animals.
	wood, plastic, glass	plants, including trees.	I can observe how magnets attract or repel	I can give reasons for classifying plants and
	and metal.		each other and attract some materials and	animals based on specific characteristics.
	I can group	Y2 POS – Plants	not others.	
	everyday objects	I can observe and describe how seeds and	I can compare and group together a variety	Y6 POS – Evolution and inheritance
	by their features	bulbs grow into mature plants.	of everyday materials on the basis of	I can recognise that living things have
	and the material	I can find out and describe how plants need	whether they are attracted to a magnet, and	changed over time and that fossils provide
	they are made	water, light and a suitable temperature to	identify some magnetic materials.	information about living things that
	from.	grow and stay healthy.	I can describe magnets as having two poles.	inhabited the Earth millions of years ago.
			I can predict whether two magnets will	I can recognise that living things produce
ing			attract or repel each other, depending on	offspring of the same kind, but normally
Spring			which poles are facing.	offspring vary and are not identical to their
				parents.
			Y3 POS – Light	I can identify how animals and plants are
			I can recognise that they need light in order	adapted to suit their environment in
			to see things and that dark is the absence of	different ways and that adaptation may lead
			light.	to evolution.
			I can notice that light is reflected from	
			surfaces.	
			I can recognise that light from the sun can be	
			dangerous and that there are ways to	
			protect their eyes.	
			I can recognise that shadows are formed	
			when the light from a light source is blocked	
			by a solid object.	
			I can find patterns in the way that the size of	
			shadows change.	

	I can identify and	Y2 POS – Animals including humans	Y4 POS – Sound	Y5 POS – Animals, including humans
	name a variety of	I can notice that animals, including humans,	I can identify how sounds are made,	I can describe the changes as humans
	common animals.	have offspring which grow into adults.	associating some of them with something	develop to old age.
	I can identify the	I can find out about and describe the basic	vibrating.	
	similarities and	needs of animals, including humans, for	I can recognise that vibrations from sounds	Y6 POS - Animals including humans
	differences	survival (water, food and air).	travel through a medium to the ear.	I can identify and name the main parts of the
	between humans	I can describe the importance for humans of	I can find patterns between the pitch of a	human circulatory system, and describe the
	and animals.	exercise, eating the right amounts of	sound and features of the object that	functions of the heart, blood vessels and
	I can identify the	different types of food, and hygiene.	produced it.	blood.
	life cycle of a		I can find patterns between the volume of a	I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise,
	human, an insect		sound and the strength of the vibrations that	drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies
<u>د</u>	and an animal.		produced it.	function.
Summer	I can identify parts		I can recognise that sounds get fainter as the	I can describe the ways in which nutrients
Ę	of a body – human,		distance from the sound source increases.	and water are transported within animals,
S	animal or insect.			including humans.
			Y3 POS – Plants (focus on plants and their	
			needs and how they grow)	
			I can identify and describe the functions of	
			different parts of flowering plants: roots,	
			stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.	
			I can explore the requirements of plants for	
			life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients	
			from soil, and room to grow) and how they	
			vary from plant to plant.	
			I can investigate the way in which water is	
			transported within plants.	

Science Long Term Overview (2 year rolling programme) – Year B

	EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Autumn	I can talk about the features of the four seasons and how it impacts on my daily life. I can put the seasons in order.	Year 2 POS - Living things and their habitats I can explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive. I can identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other. I can identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats. I can describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.	Y4 POS - Living things and their habitats I can recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. I can explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. I can recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.	Y5 POS - Living things and their habitats I can describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird. I can describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.

Summer	I can identify and name a variety of common animals. I can identify the similarities and differences between humans and animals. I can identify the life cycle of a	 Y1 POS - Animals, including humans I can identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets). 	 Y3 POS - Plants (focus on life cycles) I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal. Y4 POS - Animals, including humans I can describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. 	Y5 POS - Forces I can explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object. I can identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces. I can recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a
Sumn	I can identify the	variety of common animals (fish, amphibians,	basic parts of the digestive system in	I can recognise that some mechanisms,
	I can identify parts of a body – human, animal or insect.	of the body is associated with each sense.	I can construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey.	